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Filing date:

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

Proceeding	92053945
Party	Plaintiff Darlington Apple Festival, Inc.
Correspondence Address	JAMES K CALCUTT DARLINGTON APPLE FESTIVAL INC 1211 MAIN STREET DARLINGTON, MD 21034 UNITED STATES jacobsh@ballardspahr.com
Submission	Motion to Extend
Filer's Name	Hara K. Jacobs
Filer's e-mail	jacobsh@ballardspahr.com, phila_tmdocketing@ballardspahr.com, sternam@ballardspahr.com, camposcruzl@ballardspahr.com
Signature	/Hara K. Jacobs/
Date	06/12/2012
Attachments	Motion to Extend All Dates.pdf (7 pages)(141218 bytes)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

DARLINGTON APPLE FESTIVAL INC.		
Petitioner,		
v.	Cancellation No.	92053945
STEPHEN SMITH		
Registrant.		

PETITIONER'S MOTION TO EXTEND ALL DATES

Petitioner, Darlington Apple Festival, Inc., by its undersigned counsel, hereby moves the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board to reset all dates, including the Close of Discovery, Pretrial Disclosures, and Trial for this proceeding by extending such deadlines thirty (30) days.

This extension is sought in good faith and for good cause and not for any improper purpose or delay. Petitioner has been working to schedule the third party deposition of Ms. Jennifer Tisch, who created the draft materials that Registrant submitted to the Patent and Trademark Office as evidence of his alleged use of "his" registered mark in commerce. Ms. Tisch's testimony is critical to several aspects of Petitioner's case including but not limited to the veracity of Registrant's declaration supporting his Amendment to Allege Use. Ms. Tisch has advised Petitioner's counsel that she is not available for a deposition until mid-July, which is shortly after the current discovery deadline. A copy of Petitioner's subpoena to Ms. Tisch is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Petitioner respectfully requests a brief extension of time of thirty (30) days to accommodate the schedule of this third party witness. Petitioner previously

requested permission from Registrant for this brief extension of time, however, Registrant would not agree.

In light of the foregoing, Petitioner respectfully requests that the Board grant its Motion to Extend All Dates by thirty days and that the dates be reset as indicated below:

Discovery Closes:

8/3/12

Plaintiff's Pretrial

Disclosures Due:

9/17/12

Plaintiff's 30-day Trial Period

Ends:

11/1/2012

Defendant's Pretrial

Disclosures Due:

11/16/2012

Defendant's 30-day Trial Period

Ends:

12/31/2012

Plaintiff's Rebuttal

Disclosures Due:

1/15/2013

Plaintiff's 15-day Rebuttal

Period Ends:

2/14/2013

Date: June 12, 2012

HILL

Hara K. Jacobs

BALLARD SPAHR LLP

Respectfully submitted,

1735 Market Street, 51st Floor Philadelphia, PA 19103-7599

215.665.8500

Attorney for Petitioner Darlington Apple Festival, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Andrew M. Stern, hereby certify that on today's date, I caused a copy of the foregoing Petitioner's Motion to Extend All Dates, to be served by First Class Mail on the Registrant as set forth below:

STEPHEN SMITH 4539 CONOWINGO ROAD DARLINGTON, MD 21034

Andrew M. Stern

Dated: June 12, 2012

DMEAST #15164320 v1

EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Maryland

DARLINGTON APPLE FESTIVAL, INC.	
Plaintiff	In the United States Patent and Trademark Office Before the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board
v.	Civil Action No. Cancellation No. 92053945
STEPHEN SMITH	
	(If the action is pending in another district, state where:
Defendant))
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A D	EPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Jennifer Tisch 304 Belmont Ct., Bel Air, MD 21014	
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organ one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or design about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachme	nization that is <i>not</i> a party in this case, you must designate nate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf
Place: Ballard Spahr, LLP	Date and Time:
300 E. Lombard St., 18th Floor Baltimore, MD 21202-3268	07/12/2012 10:00 am
	bring with you to the deposition the following documents, mit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to you 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpose attached.	our protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule na and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
Date: 6/12//2 CLERK OF COURT	OR of
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Cleri	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attor Darlington Apple Festival, Inc. Hara K. Jacobs, Esq. Ballard Spahr, LLP 1735 Market St., 51st Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19103	niey representing (name of party) , who issues or requests this subpoena, are: Phone: 215.864.8209; Email: jacobsh@ballardspahr.com

Civil Action No. In the United States Patent and Trademark Office

Before the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board

Cancellation No. 92053945

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

This subpoena	for (name of individual and title, if any)		
was received by me on	(date)		
☐ I served the	subpoena by delivering a copy to the na	med individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned th	ne subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the	poena was issued on behalf of the United witness fees for one day's attendance, a	I States, or one of its officers or agents, Ind the mileage allowed by law, in the an	have also nount of
\$80			
My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under	penalty of perjury that this information	is true.	
Date:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
	****	Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).